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## Mark Scheme (Results)

November 2009

## CCSE

GCSE Mathematics (Linear) - 1380
Paper: 1380/ 1F

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| 1380/1F |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Question |  | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| 1 | (a) |  | $13^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1 | B1 cao |
|  | (b) |  | $15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1 | B1 cao |
|  | (c) |  | 7 pm | 1 | B1 Accept 1900, 7 |
|  | (d) |  | Decreasing | 1 | B1 eg decreasing, downwards, falling, $-4^{\circ}$, etc. |
| 2 |  | Three thousand one hundred and four. | 3104 words | 1 | B1 for Three thousand one hundred and four. |
|  | (b) |  | 2500 | 1 | B1 Accept 25 hundred |
|  | (c) |  | 4000 | 1 | B1 Accept 4 thousand, thousands. |
| 3 |  | $27-18+15=$ | 24 | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } 27-18+15 \\ & \text { A1 cao } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | (b) | $24 \div 3$ or $24-3-3-3-3 \ldots$ | 8 | 2 | M1 $24 \div 3$ or complete method for dividing 24 by 3 A1 cao |
| 4 | (a) |  | 24 | 1 | B1 cao |
|  | (b) |  | 20 | 1 | B1 cao |
|  | (c) | Friday $16=2$ wheels <br> Saturday $28=3$ wheels (24) + $1 / 2$ wheel | F: 2 wheels S: $31 / 2$ wheels | 2 | B1 cao <br> B1 cao |


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| 5 | (a) <br> (b) <br> (c) |  | $(2,4$ $(-3,1)$ $(0,-2)$ marked | $1$ <br> 1 <br> 1 | B1 cao <br> B1 cao <br> B1 cao |
| 6 | (a) <br> (b) (i) <br> (ii) |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 5,2,1 \\ 7 \mathrm{p} \\ 19 \mathrm{p} \end{gathered}$ | 1 <br> 2 | B1 for $5,2,1$ in any order <br> B1 cao <br> B1 cao |
| 7 | (a) <br> (b) <br> (c) | $\begin{array}{lllllll} 23 & 33 & 45 & 57 & 63 & \\ -5 & -3 & 1 & 4 & 6 & & \\ 0.3 & 0.315 & 0.32 & 0.379 & 0.39 \end{array}$ |  | $1$ <br> 1 <br> 1 | B1 cao <br> B1 cao <br> B1 cao |
| 8 | (a) <br> (b) |  | $\begin{gathered} 6.8-7.2 \\ \text { Cross } \end{gathered}$ | 1 <br> 1 | B1 6.8-7.2 <br> B1 Cross within overlay (2.8-3.2 cm from A) |
| 9 | (a) <br> (b) <br> (c) |  | 5 <br> line <br> Reflection | $1$ <br> 1 <br> 1 | B1 cao <br> B1 <br> B1 Correct reflection. Allow vertices slightly misplaced (no more than $1 / 4$ side square length) |


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| 10 | (a) | $3 \times 4+5=(3 \times 4)+5=$ | 17 | 1 | B1 cao |
|  | (b) | $8-2 \times 4=8-(2 \times 4)=$ | 0 | 1 | B1 cao |
|  | (c) | $42 \div(2 \times 3)=42 \div 6=$ | 7 | 1 | B1 cao |
| 11 | (a) |  | 25 | 1 | B1 cao |
|  | (b) |  | 2000 | 1 | B1 Accept " 2 thousand" |
| 12 | (a) | 100-(25+40+20) | 15\% |  | B1 15 or $15 \%$ |
|  | (b) |  | Salt \&Vinegar |  | B1 Accept S\&V, $2^{\text {nd }}, 40 \%$, second OR ft from table |
|  | (c) | $\frac{25}{100}=\frac{1}{4}$ | $\frac{1}{4}$ | 2 | B2 for $\frac{1}{4}$ <br> (B1 for any equivalent fraction to $\frac{1}{4}, 0.25, \frac{25}{100}$ ) |
|  | (d) | $\begin{aligned} & 200 \times \frac{20}{100} \text { oe, } \\ & \text { eg } 200 \times 20 \div 100,200 \div 5 \end{aligned}$ | 40 | 2 | M1 for $200 \times \frac{20}{100}$ oe <br> A1 cao <br> SC: 40\% gets M1 A0 |


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| 13 | (a)(i) |  | $7.0-7.5$ | 1 | $\text { B1 } 7.0-7.5,7 \frac{1}{4}, 7 \frac{1}{2}$ |
|  | (ii) |  | 100-120 | 1 | B1 100-120 |
|  | (b)(i) |  | 48-52 | 1 | B1 48-52 |
|  | (ii) |  | 21-25 | 1 | B1 21-25 |
| 14 |  |  | Triangle | 3 | B3 Fully correct: One angle and both sides, and drawn as a triangle. <br> (B2 Two of $90^{\circ}, 8 \mathrm{~cm}, 4.5 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) <br> (B1 One angle or one side) <br> Tolerances: Angle of $90 \pm 2^{\circ}$, side of 4.5 cm drawn as $4.3-$ 4.7 cm , side of 8 cm drawn as $7.8-8.2 \mathrm{~cm}$. |
| 15 |  |  | $\frac{4}{7}$ | 1 | $\text { B1 } \frac{4}{7} \text { oe }$ |
|  | (b) |  | $\frac{3}{7}$ | 2 | M1 $\frac{3}{x}, x>3$ or $1-$ (a) oe <br> A1 ft |


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| 16 |  | $\frac{3}{8}+\frac{1}{4}=\frac{3}{8}+\frac{2}{8}=$ <br> Or $8+12=20$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 4 \\ \hline 12 \\ \hline 32 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\frac{5}{8}$ | 2 | M1 Use of common denominator: $\frac{1}{4}$ as $\frac{2 \times 1}{2 \times 4}$ or writing both fractions with a common denominator other than 8 with at least one of the fractions correct. <br> OR $0.375+0.25$ <br> A1 $\frac{5}{8}$ Accept 0.625 only <br> Or <br> M1 for sight of the addition table and $8+12(=20)$ <br> A1 $\frac{5}{8}$ |
| 17 | (a) <br> (b) | $15 \times 6=$ $75 \div 25=$ |  | $90 \mathrm{p}$ $3 p$ | $2$ $2$ | M1 $15 \times 6$ or repeated addition of six 15 s or fifteen 6 s A1 cao <br> M1 $75 \div 25$ or adds up three 25 s or subtracts three 25 s from 75 <br> A1 cao |
| 18 | (a) <br> (b) |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 173160 \\ & 173.16 \end{aligned}$ | $1$ <br> 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B1 cao } \\ & \text { B1 cao } \end{aligned}$ |


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| Question |  | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| 19 | (a) |  | -2,(0,2),4,6,8 | 2 | B2 for all 4 correct values of $y$ (B1 for 2 or 3 correct values of $y$ ) |
|  | (b) |  | Line | 2 | B2 for correct straight line between $x=-2$ and $x=3$ (B1 for a line which passes through $(0,2)$, or a line with gradient 2, or at least 4 points from their table plotted correctly) |
|  | (c) (i) |  | $-1$ | 1 | B1 for $y=-1$, or $\mathrm{ft} x=-1.5$ from any portion of a straight line segment. |
|  | (ii) |  | 2.5 | 1 | B1 for $x=2.5$, or ft $y=7$ from any portion of a straight line segment. |
| 20 | (a) |  | $060^{\circ}$ | 1 | B1 (0)57 ${ }^{\circ}-(0) 62^{\circ}$ |
|  | (b) |  | Cross C | 2 | B1 cross $4 \mathrm{~cm}( \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~cm})$ from B <br> B1 cross $160^{\circ}\left( \pm 2^{\circ}\right)$ from B <br> [SC: B1 cross 4 cm and $160^{\circ}$ from A) |
| 21 | (a) |  | Reasons | 1 | B1 eg larger sector |
|  | (b) |  |  | 1 | B1 eg don't know actual numbers |
| 22 |  |  | Graph | 2 | B2 complete graph (see overlay) <br> (B1 for 4 points plotted and joined or 6 points not joined.) Note: Tolerance $\pm 2 \mathrm{~mm}$, mark graph between January and June only |


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| 23 |  | $\begin{array}{\|rc\|} \hline 423 & 12 \\ \times 12 & \times 423 \\ \hline 4230 & 4800 \\ \hline 846 & 240 \\ \hline 5076 & \frac{36}{5076} \\ \hline \end{array}$400 20 3  <br> 4000 200 30  <br> 800 40 6 $4000+200+30+800+40+6=5076$ | 5076 | 3 | M1 for a complete method with relative place value correct. Condone 1 multiplication error, addition not necessary. <br> M1 (dep) for addition of all the appropriate elements of the calculation <br> A1 cao <br> M1 for a complete grid with not more than 1 multiplication error, addition not necessary. <br> M1 (dep) for addition of all the appropriate elements of the calculation <br> A1 cao <br> M1 for sight of a complete partitioning method, condone 1 multiplication error, addition not necessary. <br> M1 (dep) for addition of the all the appropriate elements of the calculation <br> A1 cao <br> M2 for repeated addition, exactly 12 <br> Al cao |


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| 24 | (a) |  | Enlarged P | 2 | B2 any correct enlargement <br> (B1 at least one side drawn to a sf of 3 ) tol $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{sq}$ <br> ( B 1 correct enlargement by $\mathrm{SF} \neq 3$ ) |
|  | (b) | Triangle at $(-4,2),(-2,2),(-2,3)$ | Reflected P |  | M1 reflection in any line parallel to $y$ axis, or correct reflection in $x$ axis. <br> A1 cao |
|  | (c) | Triangle at (2,-1),(3,-1),(2,-3) | Rotated Q | 3 | B3 fully correct <br> (B2 correct orientation in correct quadrant or $90^{\circ}$ anticlockwise about $O$ ) <br> (B1 any rotation about $O$ OR correct orientation in incorrect quadrant). <br> SC B1 If Q is plotted correctly in all 4 quadrants then award |


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| 25 | (a) |  | Reasons | 2 | $1^{\text {st }}$ aspect: time frame <br> $2^{\text {nd }}$ aspect: overlapping boxes (eg.'the 5 is in two places' <br> 'the amounts overlap') <br> $3^{\text {rd }}$ aspect: not exhaustive (eg no $<£ 1$, other) <br> Award B2 for 2 aspects, B1 for 1 aspect |
|  | (b) |  | Any 2 of $1^{\text {st }}, 2^{\text {nd }}$ and $3^{\text {rd }}$ aspects | 2 | $1^{\text {st }}$ aspect: one question or responses which includes a time frame <br> $2^{\text {nd }}$ aspect: at least 3 non-overlapping response boxes; need not be inclusive of all. <br> 3rd aspect ; Allow for inclusion of (£)0 or use of phrase 'bigger than' oe with at least 3 response boxes <br> Award B2 for two aspects, B1 for one aspect <br> NB response boxes must be intervals but allow 0 on its own for the $3^{\text {rd }}$ aspect |
| 26 |  | $(5 \times 5) \times 6$ | $\begin{aligned} & 150 \\ & \mathrm{~cm}^{2} \end{aligned}$ | 4 | M1 for attempt to find the area of one face (eg $5 \times 5$ or 25) M1 for 6 faces with an intention to add <br> A1 cao <br> B1 (indep) for $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ (with or without numerical answer) <br> NB Do not accept any calculation which should lead to 125 |


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| 27 |  |  | $N=4 p+20 b$ | 3 | B3 for $N=4 p+20 b$ oe <br> (B2 $4 p+20 b$ as an expression not in a formula Or $N=k+20 b$ oe or $N=4 p+k$ oe $k \neq 0$ ) <br> (B1 for $N=c p+d b, c$ and $d$ numerical and not both zero Or $k+20 b$ oe or $4 p+k$ oe any $k \neq 0$ ) <br> SC B2 for $N=4 p+20 b$ subsequently incorrectly simplified <br> SC B2 for $k N=4 p+20 b(k \neq 1)$ <br> SC B1 for $4 p+20 b$ subsequently incorrectly simplified <br> SC B1 for $N=4 p$ (space) $20 b$ or $N=4 p \times 20 b$ |
| 28 |  | $\frac{30 \times 5}{0.2}=150 \div 0.2=750$ | 750-775 | 3 | M1 For correct roundings to 1 sig fig of two or three of the figures or consistent multiples e.g 150 , or 155 or two of $30,5,0.2$ or $\frac{31 \times 500}{20}$ or $\frac{30 \times 500}{20} \text { or } \frac{30 \times 500}{21}$ <br> Or <br> A1 for any correct approximate expression which would give the answer after one operation e.g $\frac{150}{0.2}$ or $\frac{155}{0.2}$ or $150 \times 5$ or $30 \times 25$ or $31 \times 25$ or $155 \times 5$ or $\frac{1500}{2}$ <br> A1 750-775 <br> Do not accept attempts at full working out |


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| 29 | (a) |  | $2 y^{2}-3 y$ | 1 | B1 $2 y^{2}-3 y$ or $2 \times y^{2}-3 \times y$ |
|  | (b) |  | $x(x-4)$ | 2 | B2 $x(x-4)$ or $(x+0)(x-4)$ condone omission of final bracket <br> (B1 $x$ (linear in $x$ ) condone omission of final bracket) <br> (B1 for $x-4$ ) |
|  | (c) |  | -1,0,1,2 | 2 | B2 cao <br> (-1 each error or omission) |

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